



Purpose of the Consolidation between China & MSAD #47

- Goal: to maintain or enhance educational quality and opportunities and to provide for a more financially efficient system, producing meaningful savings
- To increase central office and special education administrative efficiencies for Messalonskee and China
- To partner with a town of similar profile
- To build synergy between both systems
- To comply with the consolidation law

 In the spring of 2007 Governor Baldacci and the Maine Legislature passed the state biennial budget. Embedded in the budget was the language that required consolidation of Maine school systems from 290 to 80, with the goal of at least 2,500 students per Regional School Unit (RSU).



- Why the Governor Advocated for Consolidation
 - Declining Student Enrollment Statewide
 - Including Messalonskee
 - Taxpayer Revolt (TABOR)
 - SAUs : Too Many, Too Small and Too Inefficient





Originally Required

- the formation of a *Regional Planning Committee*(RPC), composed of civic, school, & community
 leadership, with the purpose of analyzing the pros and
 cons of a possible partnership and the creation of a
 regional agreement.
- Areas the RPC needed to consider included cost sharing, EPS changes, cost savings/increases, governance, employee contracts, school choice and property, assets, and debt, as well as a transition plan
- The purpose of the law was to decrease the cost of administrating the educational system.



- By July 1, 2009 all school systems in Maine will be replaced with either a Regional School Unit (RSU) or Alternative Organizational Structure (AOS).
 - A Regional School Unit is very similar to a MSAD.
 It will be made up of member communities that have decided to share school governance through a common school board, superintendent and operational policies.
 - An Alternative Organizational Structure is new to the consolidation law. Participating communities will be defining a unique governance model for those communities participating in the AOS discussions.



- School Union: (China is part of SU 52.)
 - A school union is made up of several municipal school systems that choose to share the cost of a central office. Each member of the union is independent of the other members, and each town has its own school board.
- MSAD: (#47)
 - A Maine School Administrative District is made up of member communities that have decided to share school governance through a common school board, superintendent and operational policies. The School Board is independent of town/city government.



MSAD #47 EXEMPT

- NO legal penalties if MSAD #47 fails to consolidate
- MSAD #47 has over 2,500 students.

Penalties for Non-compliance

Affects China and many other smaller school systems

- additional 50% reduction in administrative support
- less favorable treatment for school construction
- reduction in EPS subsidy from 55% to 53.86%
- not eligible for Transition Adjustment



Essential Programs & Services (EPS)

Three major components

- Enrollment
- State valuation of towns
- State's commitment to fund education

Student enrollment

Fewer students results in less favorable treatment under general purpose aid for education, resulting in...

A reduction in EPS subsidy



Essential Programs & Services (EPS)

Three major components

- Enrollment
- State valuation of towns
- State's commitment to fund education

State Valuation – Lakefront

Dramatic increases in the value of lake frontage in Belgrade, China, Oakland, Rome & Sidney has resulted in less favorable treatment under state funding resulting in...

- A reduction in state subsidy



Essential Programs & Services (EPS)

- Three major components
 - Enrollment
 - State valuation of towns
 - State's commitment to fund education
- State effort is the result of revenue forecasts.
- Difficult economic times results in fewer state dollars for education.
- Fewer State dollars for education will likely result in greater local effort and reductions in programs and staff.

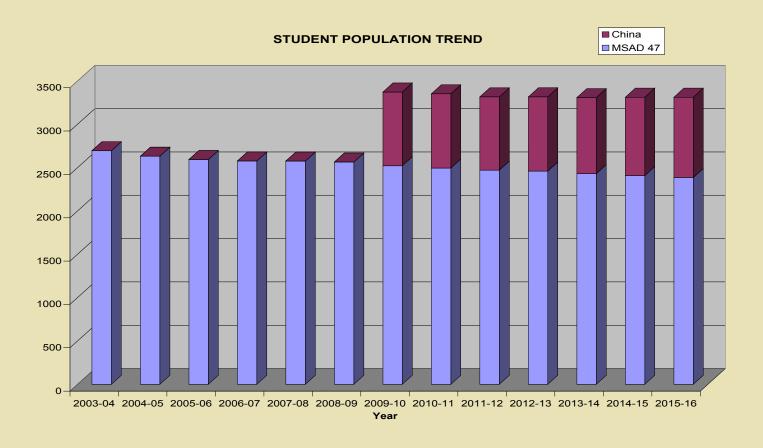


Essential Programs & Services (EPS)

- Three major components
 - Enrollment
 - State valuation of towns
 - State's commitment to fund education
- High State Valuation + Fewer Students =
 Reduction in State Subsidy.
- China's students + MSAD #47 students + state effort will mitigate the loss of state subsidy.



China & MSAD #47 Students Combined





Five Lakeside & Riverside Communities United for the Benefit of Our Children

Belgrade

Population: 3,209 (KVCOG 2006)

State Valuation:

2006 - \$427,750,000

2007 - \$542,100,000

2008 - \$566,350,000

Median Age: 40 (2000)

Square Miles: 43

Elementary

Free/Reduced: 31.6%

China

Population: 4,408 (KVCOG 2006)

State Valuation:

2006 - \$285,100,000

2007 - \$323,450,000

2008 - \$391,200,000

Median Age: 37 (2000)

Square Miles: 54

Elementary

Free/Reduced: 47.3%



The Largest & The Smallest

Oakland

Population: 6,202 (KVCOG

State Valuation:

2006 - \$343,100,000

2007 - \$376,950,000

2008 - \$443,650,000 =

Median Age: 37 (2000)

Square Miles: 27

Elementary

Free/Reduced: 42%

Rome

Population: 1,101 (KVCOG,2006)

State Valuation:

2006 - \$226,400,000

2007 - \$253,750,000

2008 - \$286,350,000

Median Age: 39 (2000)

Square Miles: 44



Joined Together For Mutual Benefit

Sidney

Population: 3,966 (KVCOG 2006)

State Valuation:

2006 - \$250,950,000

2007 - \$311,800,000

2008 - \$345,650,000

Median Age: 36 (2000)

Square Miles: 42

Elementary Free/Reduced: 29%

NEW RSU

Population: 18,886 (KVCOG 2006)

State Valuation:

2006 - \$1,533,300,000

2007 - \$1,808,050,000

2008 - \$2,033,200,000

Median Age: 37.8 (2000)

Square Miles: 210



RSU School Board

	#	# of	Votes per
	Votes	Members	Member
Belgrade	170	2	85
China	233	2	117
Oakland	328	3	109
Rome	58	1	58
Sidney	210	2	105
Totals	1,000	10	



School Population (2007-08)

School	Population
Atwood Primary School	246
Belgrade Central School	290
James H. Bean School	348
Williams Elementary School	225
Messalonskee Middle School	583
Messalonkee High School	890
China K-8	498
China (School Choice)	305

Total: Messalonskee & China: 3,385



Student Population by Town

ED 281 2007-08

Belgrade Oakland Rome	564 1,113 148	
Sidney MSAD #47	757 2,582	
China	803	
Total	3,385	



Governance & Transition

- Board elected winter of 2009
- 10 Board members: 2 Belgrade, 2 China, 3 Oakland, 1 Rome & 2 Sidney
- Transition
 RSU Board, MSAD #47
 & China Boards work
 together in winter of
 2009

- Budget for 2009-10
 Developed in cooperation with MSAD #47 & China Boards
- Regional School Unit Operational July 1, 2009
- Interim School Policies
 Developed in cooperation
 with MSAD #47 & China
 School Boards



MSAD #47

PK – 12 programs remain the same

Children in MSAD #47 school not impacted. Children in China schools not impacted.

Decline in MSAD #47 students is offset by adding China's students.

Nearly 180 student loss at MHS decline in students anticipated in next 7 years, while China projects a 93 student gain.

Cost of central office and special education administration shared.

Five towns share common costs.



China

China Elementary and Middle Schools

- Schools remain as they are.
- No China student will be bussed into MSAD #47 except by parental request.

High School Choice Remains

- Erskine, as well as other high schools, remain an option for all China high school age children.

Special Needs Programs

Messalonskee High School's Alternative Programs,
 Behavioral Programs, Multi-handicapped Programs,
 available to China's neediest.

Transportation

- Students attending Erskine will be bussed.



Consolidation Advantages

- Cost sharing of administration in central office & special education
- Equitable educational programming across schools and grades for the benefit of all students
- Greater resources (staff & funds) for curriculum and assessment development
- Coordinated support programs (GT/Title
 1) to achieve greater opportunity
- Potential for cost savings in Special Education



Consolidation Advantages

- ◆ Total combined RSU student enrollment increases when the five towns merge, which affects state funding.
- ◆ Consolidation will mitigate the loss of state revenue due to combining China & MSAD #47 students.
- Creates opportunity for new ideas through "cross pollination" by communities, staff and students.
- The ability to share technology

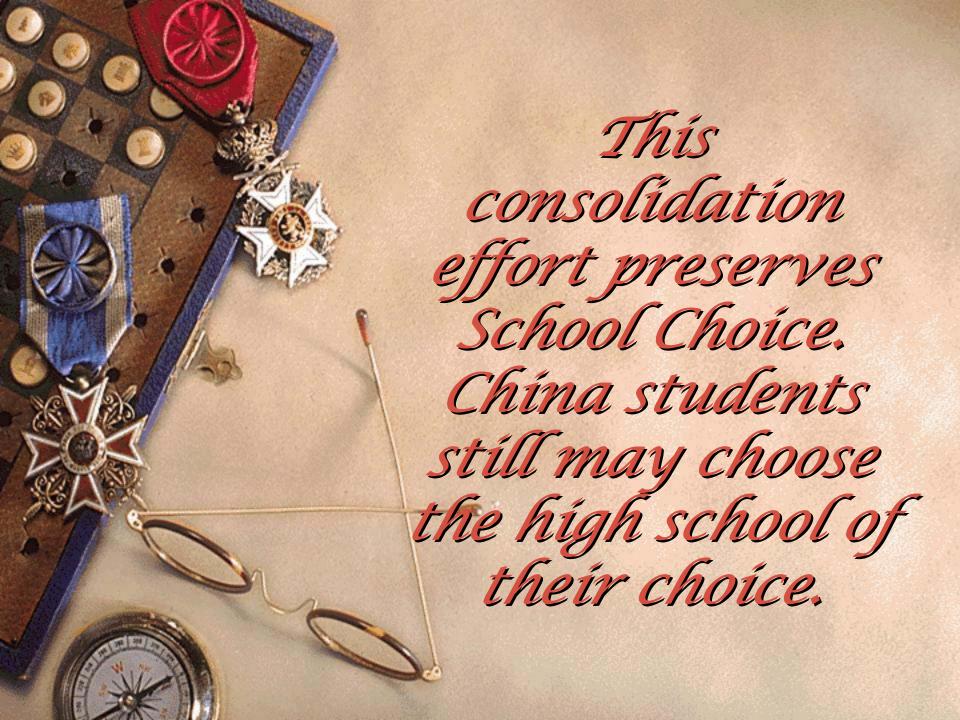


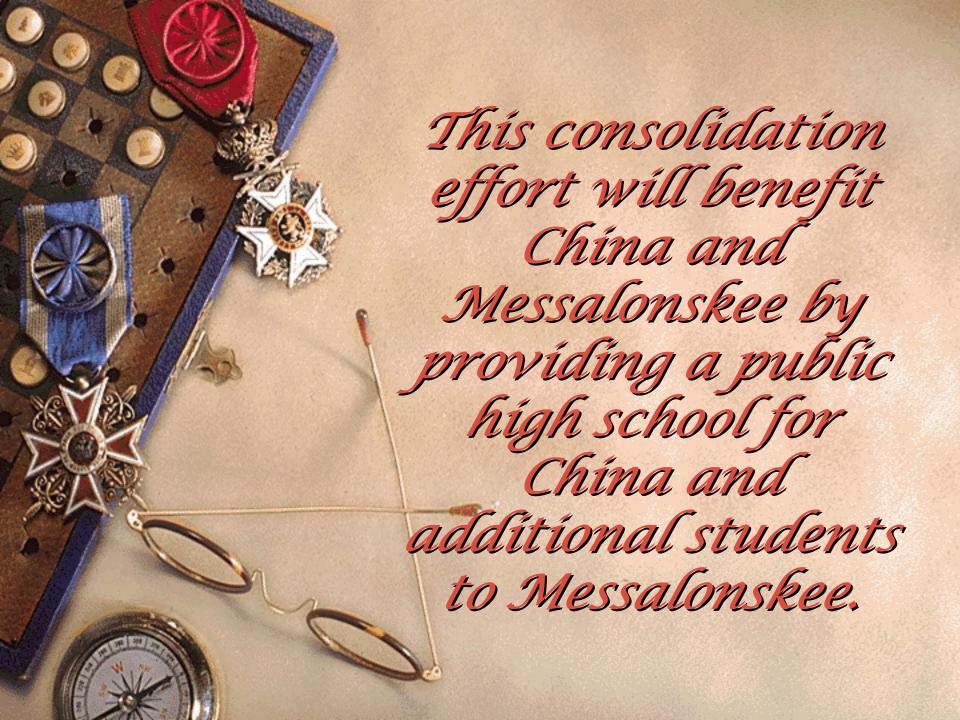
Issues Yet to be Addressed

Merger Details Left to New RSU School Board:

- Governance/ Administration
- Policy Development
- Cost Sharing among towns
- Union Contracts
- Business Functions
 - Payroll, accounts payable, procedures and timelines











Key Dates

- Summer of 2007: formation of Regional Planning
 Committee
- Notice of Intent Letter: to Commissioner Gendron August 2007
- Regional Plan: to MDOE by September 2008.
- Voting: <u>November 4, 2008!</u>
- Election of an RSU School Board: Winter 2009
- Operational date: July 1, 2009.

